Resolution - Protection of Data Privacy

WHEREAS, Educational technology companies collect and sell data without consent.

WHEREAS, Educational technology companies comply with strong data privacy law such as:

- **European Union** (EU) General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) relating to the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and rules relating to the free movement of personal data and protects fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons and in particular their right to the protection of personal data;
- California Privacy Rights Act (CPRA) of 2020 and California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018 (CCPA) that applies to the personal information of California residents who are employees, job applicants, independent contractors, and board members, as well as employees' dependents who receive benefits through the employer;
- Illinois Student Online Personal Protection Act of 2019 which gives parents control over online information schools collect from minors and how the data is used; and
- **New York's** Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security (Parents' Bill of Rights) of 2015 requires each educational agency in the State of New York to develop a Parents' Bill of Rights for Data Privacy and Security and publish it on its website.

WHEREAS, Federal statutes exist with very little enforcement to protect the confidentiality of a student's identifiable information include: 15 U.S.C. 6501-6502 (16 CFR Part 312) Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (COPPA) and 20 U.S.C. 1232h (34 CFR Part 98) Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA).

THEREFORE, The Texas legislature should protect citizens and particularly student data including but not limited to:

- Codify federal COPPA into Texas law through age 18;
- Codify federal PPRA into Texas law with enforcement mechanism;
- Protect student data privacy and prohibit the selling of data by passing legislation similar to Illinois
 and New York statute;
- Provide right of Access, Rectification, Deletion, Restriction, Portability, Opt-Out of Sales, and Against Automated Decision Making and Private Right of Action similar to **California's** CPRA and CCPA;
- Require citizens to OPT IN for the collection of personally identifiable data, prohibit government
 agencies, for profit companies, and non-profit companies from selling data, and provide private right
 of action for enforcement similar to INTRODUCED **Oklahoma** 2022 Regular HB 2969; and
- Protect consumer rights including access, rectification, deletion, restriction of processing, and data
 portability, require notice and obtain verifiable consumer "opt-in" consent, including parent or
 eligible student, before collecting and processing a consumer's personal information for the first time,
 codify duties of care, loyalty, and confidentiality, and provide private right of action similar to
 Massachusetts Information Privacy Act (MIPA).

THEREFORE, that the state of Texas Data Privacy:	party should affirm 2022 RPT Platform Plank #203 on
selling of data and the enforcement of data privac	protect data privacy by prohibiting the collection and y through civil liability. Schools should not consent to chools should protect the confidentiality of student's v.
A copy of this resolution should be sent to the Convention Resolutions Committee from Precinct #	County/Senate District # # with the recommendation that it be passed and

sent to the State Convention Platform Committee of the ______ Party of Texas.